Vol., XLVI, No. 337.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1904,

SPOKANE, Wash., March 17 - +

There was keen disappointment +

girls, weighing together twenty-two +

+ this morning in the home of W. J. +

+ three pairs of twins in succession

+ previous to these, and was confi-

+ has been married fifteen years and +

dently looking for triplets. She

THERE IS NO DANGER

pounds were born.

12 PAGES ... FIVE CENTS.

FURIOUS SNOWSTORM BLOCKS CHICAGO CARS

CHICAGO, March 17.-In a fu- + rious snowstorm today enough snow fell to make the total for the . winter more than break all rec- + ors for Chicago. As a result of to-+ day's storm the elevated railroads . of the city were brought to a stand- + + atill for two hours, discommoding + thousands of passengers.

SENATORS INITIATED INTO MYSTERIES OF JAI-ALAI,

+++++++++++++

Spanish Gambling Game Which Figures in Contest Against the Confirmation of Gen. Wood is Explained to the Statesmen.

PARAPHENALIA FOR PLAYING USED TO ILLUSTRATE, AND SEVERAL OF THE SENATORS TELL THEIR COLLEAGUES OF ITS BEAUTIES.

WASHINGTON, March 17.-With the paraphernalia for playing Jai-Alai, game which figures conspicuously in the ontest against the confirmation of Gen. Leonard Wood to be Major-General of the army, the members of the United States Senate amused themselves for more than an hour this afternoon, protected from the gaze of the public by the closed doors of an executive session

A lively interest was manifested in the game. It was stated by members of the committee that the game would be introduced at the St. Louis exposition.

Senators Proctor, Cockrell, Quarles, For aker, Teller, Scott, Pettus, Blackburn and others who participated in the hearing before the Military Affairs committee, where g game was explained by experts, were

the expenses of Jai-Alai.

Senstors Cockrell and Foraker, who have paid extensive visits to Cuba while the peleton" season was at its height explained that the gambling features of e game are not essential to its adopt the Cubans, while Senators Blackbu ott and Teller contended that with uilding as headquarters for the gam

PLAYING THE GAME. The demonstration of Jal-Alai came in the last hour of the session, and through it all ran a discussion of the game, in which many Senators participated. Gen. Wood's defenders seered a point when Senator Patterson admitted that he had spent a day studying the testimony in regard to the game, and had come to the conclusion that it contained activities.

detrimental to Gen. Wood's no reason for opposition to his confirma-The Senator said that he had expected

The Senator said that he had expected to oppose the confirmation on the strength of the testimony, but that a more urgent reason than that must be advanced. In regard to the Jai-Alai the principal speakers were Senators Cubberson, Patterson, Teller, Hoar, Proctor and Blackburn. Senator Prector, the acting chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, made a requisition on the War department for the apparatus for playing the game, and when the hearings had been concluded he decided to keep the articles in his office to use in the event the members of the Senate were interested.

PHOTOGRAPHIC EVIDENCE.

PHOTOGRAPHIC EVIDENCE.

In addition to the equipment for the game he had a picture of a "pelota" court, showing Gen. Wood and three companions onjoying the game.

Senator Quaries resumed his speech in support of the nomination when the Senate went into executive session at 12:35 p. m., and held the floor until 4 p. m. It had been expected that Senator Teller would follow, but on account of the late hour a general discussion was had instead. Senator Forsker will speak tomorrow in defense of Gen. Wood and will occupy most of the day. This will carry the case over until Saturday night at least, as Senators Teller and Alger both are scheduled for speeches.

Senator Alger is armed with a letter written to Gen. Wood by Senator Teller on February 15, 1991, complimenting him for his "deserved promotion" on the occasion of Wood's confirmation as Brigadier-General. Senator Alger expects to use this letter against Senator Teller when the letter against Senator Teller when the latter makes his speech in opposition wood's confirmation to be Major-Gen

CANNOT GRANT SHOSHONE PLEA

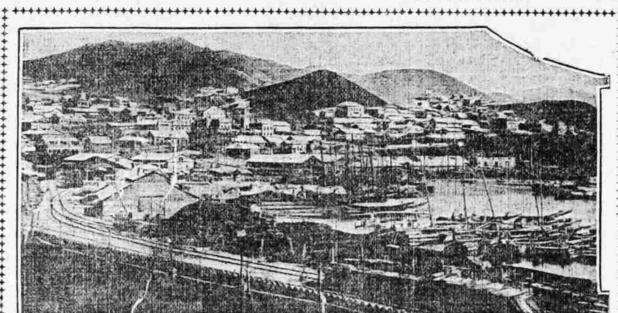
BY A. F. PHILIPS.

Tripune Bureau, National Hotel, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 17. Senator Smoot was before the Sen te Committee on Indian Affairs today regarding an extension of five years with allenation of lands of the Shothone Indians in Northern Utah. The committee has decided that the extendon cannot be granted, the decision seing based on an opinion rendered by fudge Hanford of the United States sourt for the Eastern district of Wisonsin in the case of the United States is. Saunders et al. Patents have al-

once the law cannot be annulled. Congressman Howell has recommendd Mrs. Sarah J. Taylor for postmaster

RUSSIA LOSES ANOTHER OF ITS FIGHTING FLEET

Torpedo Boat Destroyer Fouls a Mine Off Port Arthur and Is Destroyed, Together With Fifty-Six Members of the Crew-Kuropatkin's Plans.



VLADIVOSTOK, SHOWING RAILWAY FROM THE NORTH

ST. PETERSBURG, March 18 - A correspondent of the Novosti at Vladivostok, writing under date of February 23rd, says that the cost of living there is high, notwithstanding the action of the municipality in fixing the price of necessities

The correspondent describes a panic which prevailed in the city after the declaration of war, and says that all the institutions of learning were closed,

"If the Japanese land in force on the

ast of Northern Korea, Gen. Kurd tkin will move his headquarter

further north, along the railroad. If there is fighting along the Yalu, which now seems probable, he will go for-ward to Feng Hun Cheng.

"Great precautions are being taken to guard against surprises. The Japanese have always shown a prefer-

parties and to have heavy pickets out at night."

Chefee, who has just visited Chiam-

o, Korea, says:
"On the way to Chemulpo we passed

a constant succession of Japanese transports. Three thousand Japanese landed at Chemulpo at the end of last

The correspondent ads that the Rus

sians are retreating across the Yaluriver before the advance of the Ja-

ence for night attacks, and most

brief cablegrams announcing the loss of another Russian tornedo boat destroyer by firing a mine at Port Arthur and scattering dispatches telling of the novement of the land forces of the beligerents, their is little in the way of var news

The torpedo vessel destroyed was the Skorroi. The disaster accurred yesterlay, and was attended by heavy loss of ife; only four of the crew, numbering about sixty men, escaping.

Reports of the great damage and heavy loss of life at Port Arthur during the bombardment by the Japaness on Sunday last are confirmed in a dispatch from Viceroy Aliexeff.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says
that Gen. Kuropatkin is now near
Comsk, Siberia. He is making very fast
time, averaging over 532 miles per day,
everything being sidetracked to get him to Mukden in March, the only stops except to change engineers, being occuonally to inspect passing troop trains. Regarding the campaign plans of the

Russians, the same dispatch says:
"While the Russians are mobilizing for the purpose of working out an offensive military problem, they will be prepared to move heavy forces in any direction to meet the Japanese, whose command of the sea gives them great reedom in selecting their points of at-

"Gen Kuroptakin will live on a train made, it was unsuccemful GREAT ARMY OF JAPANESE

LONDON, March 18 .- A correspond ent of the Times at Toklo says that the Russian and Japanese scouts are now separated only by the Cheng-cheng river, just north of Anju. The disnts will leave for the front on either March 22nd or March 23rd, but their destination is still unknown.

A correspondent of the Times at

Wei-Hai-Wel cables under vesterday's date: "I arrived at Pingyang inlet on March 15th and proceeded to Chinampo Navigation was difficult, owing the drift ice. I found anchored there both war vessels and transports. Dis-Japanese have brought all necessary

panese outposts, and that their forces in this district number 20,000.

The Dally Telegraph's Tokio correspondent, cabling March 17th, asserts that the Russian fleet has returned to Port Arthur. If this is correct, the spondent report that the Russian cruisers which left Vladivostok returned to that port without an attempt having been made to unite the fleets, or if an attempt was

appliances. Pontoon jetties have been built and extend for hundreds of yards and the transports brought their own anding barges. The correspondent describes the landing movements and the disposal of the forces with some detail, and says: Despite the terrible weather, the infantry march twenty-five miles daily, each man carrying nearly 100 pounds. It was a severe test, but they did well. Covered by this force, a larger force is now disembarking within easier distance of the Japanese objective, while

(Additional War News on Page 2.)

tance of the Japanese objective, while preparations are reported proceeding at the only practical port on the east coast of Korea. The Japanese are now holding Anju and the line of the Cheng-

cheng river. The actual land front points to a further retirement of the

COURT SAYS BISHOP BONACUM MUST LET FATHER MURPHY LIVE IN PEACE

Russian forces"

LINCOLN, Neb., March 17.-Bishop Bonacum of the Catholic see of Lincoln. was defeated in the long-pending controversy with Father William Murphy, one of the prients of his diocese, by an opinon rendered tonight by the Eupreme

The court affirms in every particular the decision of the District court of Se-ward county, and enjoins the bishop from disturbing Father Murphy in the possessdon of the church property at the town of Seward.

ance of \$50 per year extra clerk hire FAT PICKINGS FOR has been granted the postmaster Lehi, Utah.

Miss Ruth Hayes, eldest daughter of Solicitor of Internal Revenues Hayes, formerly of Ogden, is convalencing from an atack of typhoid fever.

Gien O. Clement has been commis-sioned postmaster at Rudefeha, Wyo. Star zervice with delivery and col-lection has been established and will become effective April 4th from Robin to Oneida, Ida., five miles, and back, six times a week. John Marley of Robin is contractor at \$289 per annum.

Like service, effective April 5th, is established from Hawkins by Carl to

Oneida, Ida., 13½ miles, and back three times a week. Peter A. Nelson of Carl is contractor at \$350 per annum. Star service from Hawkins to Oneida. Postoffice Department that an allow- I Ida., will be discontinued April 2d.

BROKERS IN HAVANA

HAVANA, March 17 .- Havana newspapers are expressing starm at the number and quantity of revolutionary soldiers' claims, which they say are being sold to American and other speculators, who are buying them at from 15 to 29 per cent of haying them at from 15 to 20 per cent of their face value. One paper says that \$25,000 worth of these claims have been bought by Americans at Santiago for \$50,000. The business, it is alleged, is being done all over the Island, and it is described as a disgrace to the Cuban nation. It is pointed out that the soldiers sell their claims of their own free will, but it is argued that harm will be done because the money will be squandered, not spent, as was looped, for the permanent improvement of the island and for the benefit of the people.

WANTS TO PUT KING OF

GOTHAM GAMBLERS

BEHIND BARS.

District Attorney Jerome Declares That If the Legislature Will Ald Him, Richard Canfield Will Be Sent to

State's Prison.

WANTS REGINALD VANDERBILT AS A WITNESS AGAINST THE FARO MAGNATE, BUT CAN DO YORK LAW IS SO AMENDED AS TO UNSEAL WITNESSES' LIPS.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 17,-"I want o put Richard Canfield in State's prison and I want Reginald Vanderbilt of New York as a witness to help me do it." declared District Attorney Jerome of New York City to the Senate Codes commitbill to make it possible for a witness to give testimony without having his evilence used against him, and which elimtrutes the excuse of declining to testify through fear of incriminating himself.

Amendments providing that the measure should not take effect until September let next nor apply to pending litigation which were under discussion brought out this utterance from Mr. Jerome, who eclared that the amendments would utterly destroy the effect of the bill, and that if it were enacted in its present form would give immunity to Richard Canield and "would permit him to enjoy mother season of prosperity at Sara-

TO THE BITTER END. Mr. Jerome said he had found obstruc-

on and obstacles placed in his way from the beginning but he was determined to pursue Canfield to the end and to make it plain exactly from whom he was receive ng protection.

The court announces in its opinion that its rulings will be in accord with those of the ecclesiastical court when there is no infraction of the civil law, but that it is unable to concur in the bishop's contention that the court of Ronce had ruled in his favor and against the priest likehop Benazum's appeal is dismbared.

Many months ago the bishop removed the priest as paster at Soward, and later excommunicated him, but Father Murphy, with the said of the trustees, who were on bis side, retained possession of the church property and continued to hold services. Proceeding, he said that beside Canfeld's there were soven other such places in Now York City that he was after, where it is impossible for the police to get in or for any one sise except they secure an introduction or have a card from some "Safe" person. Senator Eisberg, chairman of the com-

nittee, remarked that he had received letters from certain clubmen protesting igainst the enactment of the measure. To this Mr. Jerome retorted that he was after a certain member of the University club of New York, whom he averred acted as a "tout" for Canfield. SOME PLAIN WORDS

"Let us understand each other," broke n Mr. Elsberg again. "There is no conin Mr. Elsberg again. "There is no consideration here for Canfield."

"Then why not give me a chance to prosecute him, to send him to State's prison?" asked Mr. Jerome. "Canfield will not stand trial. He will not endanger the prominent men who have patronized his resort in New York and Saratoga. Why, he has already offered to plead gailty if he could get off with a fine or a suspended sentence. But we don't propose to let dawn on him.

"When I find a Legislature not disposed to enact a bill to assist me in prosecuting an ex-convict and gambler. It does not conduce to my respect for the Legislature. All of us holding public offices are a little better off for being watched carethe better oft for being watched care-

OF RACE SUICIDE HERE SO THAT SENATORS MAY READ UP ON MORMONISM

Sacred Tomes Pertaining to the Church in Which Senator Smoot Is an Apostle Received by Members of the Senatorial Committee,

National Hotel. The announcement that forty new witthe layman find it diffi-+ by President Joseph F. Smith. ult to imagine, and it is equally diffiult to realize that their testimony will se anything but cumulative. If, as is the witnesses wanted are for the most part residents of Utah and diacent States, the question presents itself, why does not the committee meet in Salt Lake City and have the

witnesses appear then? The committee members have nothing to say on the subject. Neither will they allow a list of the names of the

summoned to appear it is said that ne of them is a missionary named Barthell, who is now proselyting for the Mormon church in Tennessee. It is stated that he is circulating Orson Pratt's "Kingdom of God." which places the Mormon church far any civil form of Government. church far above akes the church supreme everywhere rarding the legal phase of the case of nator Smoot and his right to a seat the Senate. As has been stated in esc dispatches to The Tribune, ateys and others contend that Mr oys and others contend of has been shown to be disquali-to serve as a member of the Sen-by the testimony of Joseph F. Smith, the head of the Mormon church, and other associates in the church in which Mr. Smoot is an apostle and an ardent follower of its faith.

It is maintained that the testimony of

moot's associates in the church has disclosed that the junior Utah Senator, as a member of the Mormon church, has connived at violations of the State

WASHINGTON, March 17 .-+ Members of the Senate Commit-+ who are hearing the case of · Senator Smoot have received + from the Mormon church four + + books promised each one of them

+ These books are: "Book of Mor-+ mon." "Articles of Faith." "Doc-+ trine and Covenants." and "Pearl of Great Price." Those + sent to Senator Hoar bear this + inscription upon the flyleaf:

To Hon. Geo. F. Honr, United States Senator, with Compliments of Joseph F. Smith, March 11, 1904.

+ witnesses these books were re-+ ferred to so many times that + the president of the church if he + could supply them with copies. + and the request has been com-+ plied with. ++++++

law with regard to polygamous cohabitation committed by his associates in the church.

That by reason of his church associations Mr. Smoot places himself in th same category as those who violate the law. Hence, he is disqualified from olding office.

Further, that the Mormon hierarchy is a corporation which in many things holds itself supreme to the law of the land, and that being a member of such

Also that by reason of the rules of the church none of the members can act as a free agent, consequently his acts as would be dominated by

CONDEMNED CONVICT CONFESSES TO MANY MURDERS IN THE PHILIPPINES

One of the Leaders in a California Prison Outbreak, Tells an Almost Incredible Story of His Career After Deserting From the Army.

PLACERVILLE, Cal., March W .- John H. Wood, the convict who killed J. F.

Rutherford last August during the Folsom prison outbreak, has been found guilty of murder in the first degree. Wood was one of the leaders of the out-

break and when the convicts separated he headed the party that was subsequently discovered by militiamen hiding in the brush near the Grand Victory mine or Manzanita hill

Manzanita hill.

In a battle that followed Rutherford, who was one of the militiamen, was killed and the convicts succeeded in making their escape.

Wood and two others were subsequently captured at Reno, Nev.

Wood takes his conviction as a matter of fact, and while he pleaded not guilty and tried to prove an allbi, it was shown conclusively that he is the man who was responsible for Rutherford's death.

Now, with the hangman's noose almost over his head, the condemned man assumes a spirit of brayado and not only admits that he killed Rutherford, but tells a story of crime that is almost incredible. According to a confession which he has made he served in the Philippine war for a time. Tiring of the service, he deserted and joined a band of native marauders, who killed and robbed indiscriminately. How many persons Wood killed in the slands he is unable to say, but he declares that he shot down a number of persons and robbed them of their valuations.

He was sent to California and impris-He was sent to California and impris-oned on Alcatraz Island.

After about six months in the military prison he was pardoned. Going to San Francisco he entered into the business of holding up people. He was caught red-handed one night and septenced to Foi-Little credence is placed in his story.

NEGROES BANQUET BOOKER WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, March 17,-One hunfred and sixty of the most prominent neroes of the District of Columbia ban-

juetted Booker T. Washington at Odd

quetted Booker T. Washington at Odd Fellows' hall here tonight.

Mr. Washington is to speak also temorrow morning in the interest of the industrial class work of Mrs. Elizabeth Hobson being carried on at Norfolk. Va., at the residence of Congressman H. Kirke Porter of Pennsylvania.

Among those who are expected to be present are Morris K. Jessup, president of the New York chamber of commerce. W. M. Slater, son of the philanthropist, and others interested in educational work.

How many persons Wood killed in the stands he is unable to say, but he declares that he shot down a number of persons and robbed them of their valuables.

Mr. Washington will be tendered a reception by the negrous of the District to coption by the negrous of the District to morrow night. Representatives from both Houses of Congress, the United States Superas court, Dr. Everett Hais and others was cut short by a scouling party of solllers. He was taken to Manila and tried and convicted of desertion only, the au-

MARCUS DALY'S WIDOW LOSES A BIG SUI

Court of Appeals today handed down a decision against Mrs. Margaret Daly, widow of Marcus Daly, the Montana copper king, in her suit to recover \$25,000 from the Busk Railway Tunnel company. The decision was in accordance with the alleged forfelture of a bond on which Daly was + one of the sureties.

BRISTOW IN WITNESS **BOX UNDER FIRE OF** STATESMEN

ourth Assistant Postmaster-General Questioned Clesely Regarding the Now Famous Report Aimed Against Membars of Congress.

WITNESS ADMITS THAT THERE MIGHT HAVE BEEN OMIS SIONS IN THE PREPARATION OF THE REPORT AND HE SAY HE KNOWS OF ONLY FOUR CASES TOUCHING MEMBERS OF CONGRESS

WASHINGTON, March 17.- Fourth A. istant Postmaster-General Bristow in testifying before the House special committee on the postoffice report today claimed for himself the responsibility for only the first seven pages of the report which was sent to the Postoffice committee, and sale the other portions of the document were the work of another officials of the de

partment.

The clerk hire section, he said, was pre-pared in the office of the First Assistan Postmaster-General, and that part relat-ing to leases by impectors and others it his own department.

the committee was to get possess of cariain of the confidential exhibonnected with his report on the post-

its connected with his report on the poor office investigation.

These exhibits have been kept secret because of their bearing on pending prosecutions. They were used in making up the report touching matters that will be submitted to the House.

Mr. Bristow told the committee the reports would be submitted to it for conclusive in parentles.

ports would be sussified and an arrangement of the committee of the first open session of the committee began this afternoon with Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow on the stand. Mr. Bristow was asked how the stand.

CAME FROM P. M. GENERAL.

In reply, he said that on January 22nd of this year the Postmaster-General referred to him the letter from Mr. Overstreet which appears in the report. He personally propared the statement contained on pages 4 and 5 and transmitted it to Mr. Overstreet with the letter appearing on pages 5 and 7, which was sent by measuring on the forenous of January 25th. uary 25th.
In answer to this Mr. Overstreet wrotes
the Postmaster-General asking for addi-

The first information referred to is that concerning the lease cases of Representatives Wadsworth of New York, Lilly of Connecticut and Bowersock of Kansas. The second letter recited that there were a number of cases where "lilegal and improper allowances were made" and that it would require time to make a compilation. It also stated that there were many cases where the rents of postoffices had been increased over the amount called for in the leases.

The night of January 25th, Mr. Bristow said, he was taken sick with the grip and he had been untable to be in his office until last Monday, March 14th.

"I had nothing further personally to do with the matter," continued Mr. Bristow. "I am informed that the Postmaster-General asked that the office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General prepare the information asked for, and that it was prepared by inspectors and turned over to the Postmaster-General prepare the information asked for, and that it was prepared by inspectors and turned over to the Postmaster-General prepare the information clerk hire, he said, he understood tional information.

The first information referred to is that

As to clerk hire, he said, he understood



JAPANESE OFFICERS IN WINTER UNIFORM.